All About Agriculture in the U.S.

Reading, Coloring and Activity Book for Children
Acknowledgments

This activity book was developed and compiled by American Agri-Women (AAW), a national coalition of farm, ranch and agribusiness organizations. AAW membership includes individuals who are interested in agriculture, such as producers, educators, students, accountants, marketers and consumers. Our members are involved in production agriculture, agribusiness and processing.

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Answers to the activities within this book are available at www.americanagriwomen.org.

To request additional copies email: education@americanagriwomen.org
Food comes from plants and animals. It is grown on farms. There are farms in every state in the United States from Hawaii to Maine and Alaska to Florida.

Directions: Label each state and color your home state.

Fun Fact
The U.S. has 2.264 billion acres of land!

Farms produce food, fiber, shelter and energy. Some farms grow one or two products. Some farms produce many products.
Farm Sizes

Some farms are big and some farms are small. Most farms are measured by the amount of land.

Did you know?
About 2 million people in the U.S. work on farms.

Land is measured in a unit called an acre. One acre of land is about the size of a football field.
Farm Shapes

Farms come in many different sizes and shapes. Some farms are even groups of land shapes.

Directions: Fill in the blanks in the words. Match the word to the shapes they describe.

- **r____ c t____ n g l e** (rectangle)
- **t r____ a n____ l e** (triangle)
- **__i____ c l e** (circle)
- **s____ _ a r e** (square)
Many tools are used on farms. Cell phones, lights, fuel containers, computers, machinery and chemical sprayers are all in a farmer’s toolbox.
Natural Resources

Not only must farmers be safe with their tools, they must safely use natural resources to produce food, clothing and shelter. Natural resources include water, sunlight, air, plants, animals, soil and minerals.

Directions: Number these words in alphabetical order from A to Z.

____ soil
____ plants
____ air
____ water
____ sunlight
____ minerals
____ animals
Water

All plants and animals need water to grow. Water is found in the ocean, lakes, rivers, streams, and ponds. Water is also found underground and in the air we breathe.

*Directions: Match the picture to the word describing the usage of water.*

drinking

bathing

swimming

watering

boating

**Fun Fact**
The earth has just as much water today as it did when dinosaurs were here!
Plants and animals also need sunlight and air. Sunlight gives us heat and light. Plants and animals need gases to grow such as oxygen, carbon dioxide, and nitrogen. They get them from air.

Directions: Draw a picture of a game you like to play in the sunlight and air.
Weather Affects Plants & Animals

Weather is important to plants and animals. Temperature, wind, rain, drought and storms are all parts of weather.

Directions: Find and circle the weather words below. One is done for you.

cloud    lightning
cold     rain
drought  snow
hail     storm
heat     wind

Did you know?
One flash of lightning has enough electricity to light a 100-watt bulb for 3 months!
Most parts of our country experience four seasons through the year. Winter, spring, summer and autumn usually have different weather elements.

Directions: Write the words for the weather elements. Some letters are filled in for you.
Soil Make-up

Soil is made of minerals, air, water, plant and animal materials. Worms and other creatures mix the particles and recycle nutrients and waste. Plant roots grow through the soil with a twisting screw-like motion. Air and water move freely in and out of soil.

Directions: The following things are found in soil. Unscramble the words.

orto __ __ __ __ __

krcok __ __ __ __

omrwo __ __ __ __

eteble __ __ __ __ __ __

arewt __ __ __ __ __
Some soil is rich with minerals. Minerals are harvested in mines. There are many types of mines like salt, metal, oil and gas mines.

Directions: Find and circle the tools in the picture.
Forests

Forests are large areas of land that grow many trees. There are many types of trees that grow in the U.S. Some produce needles and pinecones and the others produce leaves and fruit or nuts.

*Directions: Circle the one in each set that is different.*
Lumber

Lumber from trees is used to make many products used every day. Houses are built from trees. Paper and furniture are also made from trees.

Wildfires burn many acres of land every year. When trees are cut down or burned it is important to plant more trees.

Directions: Find and circle the types of trees below. One is done for you.

Did you know?
Nine out of ten wildfires are started by people.

birch
cedar
cottonwood
fir
holly
maple
oak
pecan
pine
redbud
spruce
All plants, including trees, grow from seeds.

Plants need sunlight, water, soil and carbon dioxide from air to make their own food.

Plant roots grow deep in the soil. This picture is what soil looks like below the plants.

Did you know?
Sugar that sweetens our food is made from crops! Sweeteners are made from sugar cane, corn or the roots of the plants called sugar
Farmers grow plants in fields. A group of the same plants in a field is called a crop. Plants make roots, leaves and seeds, which we use in food and other items. Scientists are also finding ways to use those seeds to make clothing or CDs!

Crops are planted in rows with many types of machines. Tractors pull equipment through the field. They come in many sizes.
When crops are done growing they must be harvested, or collected from the field. Farmers harvest the seeds from the plants with machines called combines.

The combine above harvests corn. The combine below harvests grains like wheat, oats, grain sorghum, barley or soybeans.
Grains

Some grains are grown for our food. These can be grains like wheat, oats and rice. Some grains are grown for animal food or feed. Corn and grain sorghum are feed grains that are grown in our country. Some grains are grown for both food and feed, like corn or oats.

Directions: Fill in the missing letters to the grain words to find the hidden word.

\[
\begin{align*}
\_\_ \_o\_r\_n \\
\_\_a\_t\_s \\
grain\ sorghu\ \_\_
\end{align*}
\]

\[
\begin{align*}
soy\ \_\_ean \\
r\ \_\_ce \\
su\ \_\_flower
\end{align*}
\]

\[
\begin{align*}
wh\ \_\_\_at
\end{align*}
\]
Oil Crops

Some crops are grown for oils that we can eat. Most of the time vegetable oil comes from soybeans. Oil is also squeezed from sunflowers, olives, peanuts, corn and canola.

Directions: Match the seed of the plants to the words that describe them.

Fun Fact
People in our country eat about 35 pounds of oil every year!
Fiber Crops

Some crops are grown to make things other than food or feed for animals. These are fiber crops like cotton or flax. Cotton is a crop that is made into clothes we wear and such things as wall coverings and book binding. Flax is milled into linen for clothing and other materials.

Directions: Draw an item from your house that uses fiber crops.
Greenhouses

Some plants are grown in greenhouses. Greenhouses allow plants to grow even if the weather outside is too cold.

Greenhouses are also used for raising flowers and houseplants. This is big business around Valentine’s Day!

Directions: Count the number of flowers in each group. Write the number on the line.

1. 
2. 
3. 
4. 
5. 

22
Nurseries and Grasses

A nursery is another place that grows special plants. Nurseries grow flowers, shrubs, and trees that are planted around houses and buildings.

Grass for these buildings is also a crop produced on farms. Grass and turf are planted in fields, then cut and rolled up to be unrolled onto soil for yards or ball fields.

*Directions: Follow the maze to get the turf to the ball stadium.*
Some areas of our country have the right weather to grow fruits and vegetables. Many vegetables are grown in our country. The top ten vegetables sold in our country are: potatoes, head lettuce, tomatoes, onions, carrots, celery, sweet corn, broccoli, green cabbage, and cucumbers.

*Directions: Look at each group of vegetables. Circle the two in each group that are the same. Put an X on the different one.*
Eating a wide variety of fruits and vegetables is important. Fruits and vegetables come in many colors. The more colorful the item the greater the nutrition value. A piece of fruit or vegetable is a great snack.

*Directions: Draw a fruit or vegetable for each color.*

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>red</th>
<th>yellow</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>purple</th>
<th>green</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Top Ten Fruits

The top ten fruits sold in U.S. stores are: bananas, apples, watermelons, oranges, cantaloupes, grapes, grapefruit, strawberries, peaches, and pears.

Directions: Find and circle the fruits below. One is done for you.

apple  apricot  banana  blueberry  cherry  grape  orange  peach  pear  pineapple  raspberry  strawberry
Serving Recommendations

We should eat 5 or more servings of fruits and vegetables each day.

Directions: Write out the numbers below.

1  __  __  __

2  __  __  __

3  __  __  __  __  __

4  __  __  __  __

5  __  __  __  __

6  __  __  __

7  __  __  __  __  __

8  __  __  __  __  __

9  __  __  __  __

10 __  __  __

Did you know?
Actually a type of berry, individual bananas are called “fingers” that grow in bunches called “hands.”
Some insects help plants and animals, and others can hurt crops and livestock. Farmers use chemical tools to protect crops from harmful insects, diseases, weeds, fungi, and other pests. They are used with care.

Directions: Use the color key to color the insects.

Color Key
1 - red
2 - black
3 - yellow
4 - green
5 - brown
Pollination

Many farms depend on bees. Bees pollinate crops. This lets those plants produce fruits or seeds. Pollination is taking pollen from one flower to another flower.

Bees can be moved from one field to another field. They use pollen to produce honey in their hive.

A beekeeper takes care of the bees, moves their hives from field to field and collects honey.

Directions: Find and circle the words below. One is done for you.

beekeeper  bees  crops  field  flower  fruits  hive  honey  plants  pollen  seeds
Ranges and pastures are large areas of land that grow grass. Both tame animals, or livestock, and wild animals, or wildlife, feed on these grasses. Wildlife also eat farm crops and drink water from livestock tanks or ponds on the range.

Some range grasses are harvested and stored in bales. Many types of grasses and crops like alfalfa are cut, raked into rows, dried in the sun and then baled. Bales can be round or square, small or large.

The machine that rolls the dried plants is called a baler. It is pulled with a tractor. The baler above makes large round bales. The bale to the right is a small square bale.
Many animals are grown in our country on farms. They are cared for in pens, or areas of land that have a fence around them. From animals we get many things we use every day.

Food like meat, milk, cheese, and eggs come from animals. Other things like leather, wool, candles, cleaners, and medicines come from animals too.

Did you know?
On average, each American eats more than half a pound of meat every day!
Animal Names

Farmers and ranchers have different names for their animals. For each animal type there are different names for the adults and for the young. Adult animals also have different names for the males and females. Below are some of these names.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Animal</th>
<th>Adult Male</th>
<th>Adult Female</th>
<th>Young</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Cattle</td>
<td>bull</td>
<td>cow</td>
<td>calf</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Swine</td>
<td>boar</td>
<td>sow</td>
<td>piglet</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sheep</td>
<td>ram</td>
<td>ewe</td>
<td>lamb</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Chicken</td>
<td>rooster</td>
<td>hen</td>
<td>chick</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Horse</td>
<td>stallion</td>
<td>mare</td>
<td>foal</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Goat</td>
<td>buck</td>
<td>doe</td>
<td>kid</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Directions: Fill in the blanks in each sentence and then transfer the letters to answer the question at the bottom of the page.

A young goat is called a __ __ __.

A male chicken is called a __ __ __ __ __ __ __.  

The name of a young sheep is a __ __ __ __.  

A __ __ __ __ __ horse is a foal.

What do humans call young males and females?
Personal and Animal Safety

Many people that do not have farms own pets. Pets can be cats, birds, dogs or horses. Be safe around all animals, including pets.

Directions: Use your head and color in all the spaces with dots to find out what you should always wear when riding your horse or bike!
Aquaculture

Aquaculture is how we get lobster, abalone, shrimp, seaweed and many types of fish. Some of these animals are raised in ponds or tanks and some grow in oceans, lakes or rivers.

Directions: Write the word of the number of animals in the picture. One letter is given as a clue in each word.

**Fun Fact**
Salmon may swim up to 3,000 miles to return to where they were hatched to lay their eggs.
Food Processing

Before most food products get to the grocery store they go through some change.

Fruits and vegetables are washed. Wheat is ground into flour and baked into bread. Meat is cut and cooked.

These steps are important to making food safe and easy to eat.

Directions: Below are pictures showing how milk gets from the cow to the grocery store shelf. Label the pictures from one through six with one being the first step and six the last step.

Did you know?

Americans eat 1 1/2 pounds of dairy products every day!
Product Transportation

Things grown on American farms must be moved to many places. There are three main ways of moving or transporting products. Products are moved by rail, road and water.

Directions: Match the vehicles to what they move on. One is done for you.
Some of the food and items made in our country are sold to people in other countries. America also buys food and items from other countries. Buying and selling is called trade.

Without trade with other countries Americans would have no bananas, would eat grapes only in the summer and fall, and would have fewer salads in the winter.

*Directions:* Find the path through the maze to move food and items out of our country.
Farmers of all kinds provide our country with safe and secure food and plentiful items we use every day. Farming is important to small towns. Those small towns have many business people that help farms.

Directions: Find and circle the careers important to farming below. One is done for you.

accountant    editor
banker        forester
chef          lawyer
counselor     teacher
dietician     trucker

Fun Fact
One in six jobs in our country is related to agriculture!
Farming Heritage

Do you have roots on a farm? Have your parents help you fill out the diagram with names of your family and their jobs. Ask them if you have roots on the farm!

Name ____________________

Father

__________________________

__________________________

Mother

__________________________

__________________________

Paternal Great Grandparents

__________________________

__________________________

Maternal Great Grandparents

__________________________

__________________________

Paternal Grandparents

__________________________

__________________________

Maternal Grandparents

__________________________

__________________________
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Word</th>
<th>Definition</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Abalone</td>
<td>A shellfish with a soft body and a single oval shell. The body is used as food, and the shell is used in jewelry.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Accountant</td>
<td>A person whose work is keeping or checking business financial records.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Agriculture</td>
<td>The work and science of growing crops and raising animals for food, fiber, energy and other products.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Alfalfa</td>
<td>A type of legume plant used mostly as feed for farm animals.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Aquaculture</td>
<td>The work and science of producing food that grows in water.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Banker</td>
<td>A person who owns or works in a bank. Banks lend money to people.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Bookbinding</td>
<td>The cover and materials that hold a book together.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Business</td>
<td>The work or trade in which a person is engaged.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Canola</td>
<td>A variety of rapeseed from the mustard family of plants produced for oilseeds used for food oils, industrial oils and energy production.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Chef</td>
<td>A cook, especially the head cook at a restaurant or hotel. Their job is to prepare food for people to eat.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Chemical Sprayer</td>
<td>Some farmers used chemicals to kill weeds and harmful bugs to help plants grow. Some farmers apply (put on) chemicals as a mist of tiny drops to fields by pulling a chemical sprayer behind a tractor.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Counselor</td>
<td>A person who gives advice.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Dairy Products</td>
<td>Foods including drinking milk and foods made from milk such as cheese, ice cream and yogurt.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Dietician</td>
<td>A person who specializes in the study of nutrition as it relates to health.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Diseases</td>
<td>A sickness or specific illness in plants and animals as well as humans.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Drought</td>
<td>A long period of dry weather with little or no rain.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Editor</td>
<td>A person who prepares pieces of writing ready for printing, by arranging, correcting, or changing what has been written.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Electricity</td>
<td>Electricity is a form of energy that comes from the movement of negative and positive charges that are in everything. Electricity is the power that lights lamps and makes appliances work.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Energy</td>
<td>The power of certain forces in nature to do work. Everything needs energy to work or move. Two types of energy are electrical and mechanical energy. Food is a source of energy for people. Animals also eat food to supply them with energy. Ethanol, made from corn, is a form of energy that is used to power cars. Biodiesel from soybeans is also used to power vehicles.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Equipment</td>
<td>All the special things that are needed for some special purpose. Farm equipment includes machinery used for tilling (digging), planting, harvesting, processing and transporting crops.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Farm</td>
<td>Farms are where plants are grown and animals are raised. Some farms have only plants, some farms have only animals, and some farms have both.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Farmer</td>
<td>Farmers produce food by growing plants and tending animals.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Feed</td>
<td>1. When animals feed, they eat. 2. Food for animals.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Word</td>
<td>Definition</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>------------</td>
<td>-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Fiber</td>
<td>Any of the parts like threads that form the tissue of animals and plants. Cotton fibers are spun into yarn. Fibers from trees are used for paper or wood. Fibers from sheep, wool, is used for clothing.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Flax</td>
<td>A plant with blue flowers and long leaves that produces oil and fiber used to make linen.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Forester</td>
<td>Someone who is trained in the maintaining and developing of forests.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Fuel</td>
<td>Something that is burned to give heat or power. Coal, gas, ethanol, biodiesel, oil, and wood are fuels.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Fungi</td>
<td>A type of plant that has no leaves, flowers or roots. Examples are mushrooms and mold. Many are extremely poisonous. fungi is plural of fungus.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Grains</td>
<td>Cereal plants from the grass family. Feed grains include seeds, leaves, and stems such as corn and oats that are consumed by animals. Food grain seeds such as wheat, corn and rice are used for humans. Energy grain such as corn can use all parts of the plants to produce energy.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Hail</td>
<td>Small, round pieces of ice that sometimes fall during a thunderstorm.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Harvest</td>
<td>To gather or collect once a crop is mature. Grain is harvested from a field.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Hatched</td>
<td>When an egg is hatched, a baby bird or reptile breaks out of the shell.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Heritage</td>
<td>Valuable or important traditions handed down from generation to generation.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Lawyer</td>
<td>A person whose profession is giving others advice on law or representing them in a court of law.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Leather</td>
<td>A material made from the skin of cows, pigs, goats, or other animals by cleaning and tanning it.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Legume</td>
<td>A plant with seeds that grows in pods. Peas, beans. Lentils, peanuts and alfalfa are legumes.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Lightning</td>
<td>A flash of light in the sky. It is produced when electricity passes from one cloud to another or between a cloud and the earth.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Livestock Tank</td>
<td>A large container to hold drinking water for animals.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Lobster</td>
<td>A large shellfish that has five pairs of legs. The front pair of leg ends in large pincers. People eat lobsters.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Machine</td>
<td>A machine is made up of fixed and moving parts, for doing some type of work. A mower is a machine for cutting grass. Machinery is the plural word.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Milled</td>
<td>1. Grind grain into flour or meal. 2. Processed into textiles, wood, paper, steel, etc.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Minerals</td>
<td>A solid substance that was never an animal or a plant and that was formed in the earth by nature. Iron, granite, and salt are minerals.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Nutrients</td>
<td>Any substance or matter that is needed for the life and growth of plants, animals, or people. Proteins, minerals and vitamins are nutrients.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Particle</td>
<td>A very small piece.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Peanuts</td>
<td>A nutlike seed that grows in underground pods, eaten roasted, used for food oils, made into peanut butter and cooking oil.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Pest</td>
<td>Any creature that causes serious interference with human activity.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
## Glossary

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Word</th>
<th>Definition</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Planted</td>
<td>To put a plant or seed in the ground so that it can grow.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Plentiful</td>
<td>Existing in a great quantity. Much.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Pollen</td>
<td>Tiny yellow grains produced in the center part of a flower.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Produce</td>
<td>Verb: to make or bring forth. The apple tree produces apples.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Products</td>
<td>Something produced by human or mechanical effort or by a natural process. Farm products include milk, meat, and grains for animals and people.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Provide</td>
<td>To make available.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Raked</td>
<td>Collected grasses or plants put together in rows by a machine called a rake.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ranch</td>
<td>A large farm, especially in the western part of the U.S., where cattle horses, sheep or other animals or crops are raised.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Recycle</td>
<td>To put something through a special process so that it can be used again.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Scientist</td>
<td>A person who studies nature and the physical world by testing, experimenting and measuring.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Seaweed</td>
<td>A plant that lives and grows in the ocean.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Shelter</td>
<td>Something that provides cover or protections, as from the weather. A barn is a shelter on a farm. A house is a shelter for people.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Shrimp</td>
<td>A small shellfish with a long tail. People eat shrimp.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Shrub</td>
<td>A plant or bush with woody stems that branch out at or near the ground.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Soil</td>
<td>The top layer of earth in which plants grow.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Temperature</td>
<td>A measurement of how hot or cold something is and measured by a thermometer.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Toolbox</td>
<td>Tools are stored or carried in a toolbox.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Tools</td>
<td>Tools help us do work and make things. Farmers use hand tools like wrenches and hammers to fix things on the farm.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Transport</td>
<td>To move something from one place to another.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Turf</td>
<td>Surface or top layer of grass and soil on a lawn or playing field.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Variety</td>
<td>A different type of the same thing as in a new variety of apples.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Wall Covering</td>
<td>A common name used is wallpaper. Some products also use vinyl, grasses and metallic materials in addition to paper.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Weed</td>
<td>A plant that is useless or harmful and growing where it is not wanted.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Wind</td>
<td>A strong current of air.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Wool</td>
<td>The soft, curly hair of sheep, or the hair of some other animals, such as goat or llama. Clothing can be made out of wool.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
My Farm Pictures

Use this page to draw and color what you would like to see at a farm.